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# POTTER'S ANNUAL CATALOG

# Small Fruit Plants

STRAWBERRY RASPBERRY BLACKBERRY

1935

Grown and Shipped by

E. W. POTTER

LESLIE

MICHIGAN

#### GARDEN COMBINATIONS

No. 1	25 Dunlap 25 Premier 25 Pearl 25 Dorsett	\$1.00
No. 2	50 Bellmar 50 Cooper 50 Fairfax 50 Pearl	\$2.00
No. 3	25 Latham, Red 25 Cumberland, Black 25 Eldorado B. B. 25 St. Regis, Red	\$1.75
No. 4	100 Bellmar 100 Fairfax 50 Pearl 50 Mastodon 50 Chief Red	\$3.00

Postpaid, Anywhere.

#### NEWBURGH

A new Red Raspberry, introduced a year or so ago by the New York Experiment Station. We were unable to obtain only a few plants for testing. Fruited for the first time last season. Fruit was very large, firm, and fine flavor. Ripens a few days earlier than Latham. Plants only medium in height. Have only a few plants. Anyone wanting few for testing, can supply at 50c per dozen.

#### DORSETT and FAIRFAX

Both are much firmer than Premier. Suitable for shipping. Don't fail to try one, or both, of these new varieties. Order early.

#### GARDEN SEEDS

Every season we receive many requests for seeds, so we are offering some obtained from one of the most reliable Seed Houses in the country. We can supply almost anything in the Seed Line, upon request.

Mountain Globe, Early Onion	\$2.50	lb.
Half-Long Danver Carrot		
American Wonder Red Beet (best)	.75	"
Hollow Crown Parsnip	.75	"
Purple Top, White Globe Turnips	.60	"
Danish Ball-Head Cabbage	2.50	"
Wisconsin No. 8 Cabbage	3.50	"
Early Red Radish (Globe)	.60	"
Green, Round, Stringless Beans	.13	"
Yellow Pencil Pod Beans	.15	"
Peas, Laxton Progress	.15	22

Postage Extra.

## HOW MUCH MONEY

can I make from an acre of Strawberries or Raspberries? I am asked this question very often. Frankly, I cannot answer this question, because it all depends on you. If you set good plants, on good soil, you are quite sure of profits. I have faith in Strawberries and Raspberries as a money crop. If we can judge the future by the past, the prospect is good. During the past fifteen to twenty years, I feel safe in saying that 95 per cent of the better growers have made some profit, and in many of these years profits have run as high as \$500 to \$600, and even \$800 per acre. I do not believe that conditions are going to be so much different in the next few years that there will be no profits in berries.

#### NO ONE CAN GUARANTEE PROFITS

Beware of the man who has a "Sure Thing"—but I can say that from my own experience, and from the experience of others, most growers who have had fields from one-half acre up to two acres have made some profits, even in these years of depression. This is more than you can say for the average farm crops.

## SELECT YOUR BEST LAND

Do not waste your money and labor on poor land. Give your berries some of the best land, and give it careful preparation. If you are not certain about what varieties to set, ask for information. It will be gladly given. I have tried to tell you the truth about all of our varieties. Get the best, as it is this kind that brings the highest prices. Don't plant more than you can take care of. The amount you should plant depends on the methods you intend to use in marketing. A half acre on good land, well cared for and handled properly in marketing, might give you more profit than twice this acreage poorly cared for.

#### GET GOOD, DEPENDABLE PLANTS

Of course, I hope you will get your plants of me, and I think you will find it profitable to do so, but wherever you purchase be sure they come up to the standard I have outlined. If other crops have failed, try enough berries to make a real business of it. If you are not equipped to market your fruit, do not forget that the motor trucks put all cities within one hundred miles in your market territory.

#### FOR MARKETING LOCALLY

advertise a little, either by a small ad in your local paper, or a display in some store window. Try to have a fancy product—then TOOT YOUR HORN. Many are finding the Roadside Markets profitable. If you have varieties that have done well for you, stick to them, but stick only until you find something better. Try the new Government Berries—Fairfax and Dorsett. They have out-standing quality.

## HERE IS OUR SALESMAN

This little catalog goes to you as our salesman for Strawberry and Raspberry Plants. We depend on your orders for our success. We appreciate early orders. Order now... Pay when shipped. We have tried to make our prices as reasonable as possible, and still send you good Plants. We guarantee satisfaction, or money refunded. Due to the extreme drouth, our supply of Plants is limited, so if you want to be sure of Plants, order early.

Sincerely,

## INSTRUCTIONS TO PURCHASERS

ORDER EARLY

It will insure you getting the varieties you want and it will help us to get your plants shipped promptly when you want

PLEASE remit by P. O. Money Order, Express Order, Registered Letter or Bank Draft.

LOST ORDERS—

All orders are acknowledged by postal card same day received, but if you should not hear from us in a reasonble length of time after sending an order, PLEASE WRITE PLAINLY, giving full particulars, NAME and ADDRESS.

Once in a while an order is lost, but it usually is caused by the customer failing to give the full address. Therefore, PLEASE WRITE PLAINLY, especially your name.

TERMS: Payment must be made before shipment of plants. If not convenient to remit entire amount when order is sent, remit not less than one-fourth of the amount of the order and your order will be booked and held for you and you can remit the remainder when convenient, before shipment of plants.

WE GUARANTEE the safe arrival of plants in good condition if sent by mail or express by May 1st.

WE TAKE the greatest care to have all plants true to name and seldom ever have a complaint, but should any prove otherwise than represented, we will not be responsible for any amount greater than actually paid us for the plants.

CLAIMS, if any, must be made on receipt of plants when they will be carefully examined, and if just, made satisfactory.

RESPONSIBILITY FOR OUR dress with stamp the People's Bank, Leslie, Michigan, postmaster, express agent, or any official, professional or business man of the same place.

#### HOW TO GROW STRAWBERRIES

Strawberries are grown successfully on light, sandy soil, and on heavy, clay soil, although—like most other crops they respond very quickly to fertile, well-

drained soils that are full of humus.

In selecting a soil, keep in mind that any good garden soil will produce Strawberries. Sod land should be avoided on account of white grubs and cut worms.

If planting a large acreage, it is well to select a field that has been planted to some hoed or cultivated crop, where grass and weeds have been kept down and not allowed to go to seed.

Clipping the roots is not necessary, if you can get the roots into the soil without doubling them up.

WE MAINTAIN OUR GRADE by a careful selection of stock plants and right method of propagation from year to year, that tend with such a soil to produce stock of the greatest health and vigor, striving for the ideal fruiting row and perfect fruit from any plants that may be left unsold.

OUR PLANTS ARE FRESH DUG as wanted, nicely trimmed, ready for planting, carefully re-sorted and tied in bunches of 25; roots washed in cold water if necessary to make them clean, and packed with live moss in new handle baskets lined with oil paper, or in light ventilated crates, in such a manner that we guarantee safe arrival in good condition by express or mail to all parts of the United States. Plants by freight at buyer's risk.

TRUE TO NAME. We take great pains to have stock true to name and hold ourselves ready upon proper proof to refund money or replace any that prove untrue; but it is mutually agreed that we shall not be liable for a greater sum than

amount paid for such stock.

SUBSTITUTION. Early in the season we have everything listed in this catalogue, but late in the season usually sell out some varieties. In case we are out of varieties ordered, please say if we shall substitute some variety of same season, suitable for your locality. We always notify customer if we have time to receive your answer before you wish plants shipped, but in case you do not request us to substitute we shall return the amount for the plants we do not have.

OUR PRICES AVERAGE LOWER than can be found elsewhere, when quality of stock and guarantee conditions are considered. Our references for responsibility are ample. You take no risk whatever. See elsewhere a certificate of health from the State Department of Agriculture. We invite investigation at all times.

Plant as early as possible—soon as weather will permit getting ground ready.

Be sure to order early. Early setting pays big. The plants start quicker, grow better and make better beds than late set plants. Take pains in setting. It pays.

We plant rows four feet apart. Plants fourteen to eighteen inches in the row.

Set plants on arrival, if possible. Dip the plants in water just before planting.

Plants should be cultivated and hoed

as soon as they start growing.

It Is Very Important at the first hoeing to uncover the buds of any plants which have been planted too deep.

Cultivate often. Keep the weeds out, and you will be pleased with results.

#### CULTURAL DIRECTIONS

#### MATING

All strawberry blossoms are either staminate—also called perfect—or pistilate, generally called imperfect.

The imperfect varieties, which are marked (Imp.) in catalog, should have a perfect variety, marked (Per.) set every third or fourth row to properly pollenize the blossoms of the imperfect sorts.

There seems to be a mistaken idea with some that this mixing of varieties is necessary with the perfect as well as the imperfect sorts, but this is not so. The perfect are self-pollenizing and bear as well if set by themselves.

#### TIME TO SET PLANTS

Early Spring is the logical, natural, most successful and satisfactory time to set Strawberry p'ants. So don't neglect setting some plants this Spring, thinking you can make it up by early Fall planting. It can't be done.

How early? Just as soon as weather

permits getting ground ready.

We are anxious at all times to please our customers, who in some way fail to get their plants in the spring, by sending them a few in the fall. However, spring is by far the best time to plant strawberries. Spring planting is preferred because weather conditions are more favorable and because the plants come into bearing the next season. Fall set plants have to go through two winters before they start to fruit and the effect of winter is never beneficial to their plantation. To those who are unfortunate and do not obtain their plants in the spring, we will gladly supply their needs at double the price in catalog.

#### NORTHERN GROWN PLANTS

A strawberry is never in so prime a condition as when fully grown, matured and dormant. Our friends in the South have recognized that our Northern grown plants are safer to set, because of their more dormant condition on arrival, while commercial growers in the North and West would not think of setting Southern stock of a more advanced growth. We also hold that while strawberry will grow and thrive nearly everywhere, the North is its natural home, where it fits the conditions more naturally for a higher development.

#### WE SHIP PLANTS

to Southern customers during mild weather any time after they receive this catalog, and to the North as late as the 15th of May, but for all sections it is advisable to order early and name date of shipment as early as you can use the plants. Plants shipped early have less foliage, can be packed lighter, and if planted almost always do well.

#### **OUR SHIPPING SEASON**

begins with the Southern orders, as soon as frost is out of the ground in spring, often in March. We aim to set out plants in early April. If ordered late in the season, it is always best to name a second or third choice in case a variety is sold out, or leave it to us, stating soil conditions and other particulars. We will do our best to please you, but order early and have plants come early, if you can.

#### REMOVING THE BLOSSOMS

Strawberry plants that are set out this Spring should not be allowed to bear fruit until the following spring. The blossoms should be pinched off, for to let them ripen fruit the first year would weaken the growth of the plants and is liable to kill them. Just as soon as you remove the blossoms your plant starts to work building up a root system. The heavy, vigorous root system is essential to enable the plant to come to its fullest possibilities of production.

## NUMBER OF PLANTS REQUIRED TO SET AN ACRE

1 x 1 ft 43,560	5 x 3 ft. 2,904
2 x 1 ft 21,780	5 x 4 ft 2,178
2 x 2 ft10,890	6 x 1 ft. 7,160
3 x 1 ft14,250	6 x 2 ft 3,360
3 x 2 ft 7,260	6 x 3 ft. 2,420
3 x 3 ft. 4,840	6 x 4 ft 1,815
4 x 1 ft 10,890	6 x 5 ft 1,425
4 x 2 ft 5,445	6 x 6 ft. 1,210
4 x 3 ft. 3,630	7 x 1 ft. 6,122
4 x 4 ft 2,723	7 x 2 ft 3,111
5 x 1 ft 8,712	7 x 3 ft 2,074
5 x 2 ft. 4,356	7 x 4 ft 1,555

THE DESCRIPTION of the different varieties is as they have done with us at fruiting time. Varieties that we have not fruited we have given originator's description, or others, that we consider best authority.

Be sure to order early enough so that plants can be right at hand as soon as your ground is ready. Early setting pays big—the plants start quicker, grow better and make better beds than plants set late.

## PLANTS WE GROW

#### AROMA (Per.)

One of the old, reliable, late varieties. In many sections it still continues to be a favorite, in spite of the many new varieties, that have been introduced. The fruit is large, bright red in color to the center and has a delicious flavor. Its firmness makes it a good shipping berry. Fair plant maker.

#### BLAKEMORE (Per.)

Originated with the U. S. Dept. of Agriculture. After fruiting this wonderful new variety again, we still have plenty of praise for it. We have reports that it did not do as well in some sections as it did with us, however, we harvested from our Blakemore a fine crop of firm, fancy fruit. The fruit holds up exceptionally good after picking. Extra good for canning on account of its firm flesh and solid centers. Good plant maker. Don't make a mistake by not trying Blakemore.

#### BEAUTY (Per.)

Medium-late. A new variety—has an exceptionally heavy foliage, with extra long roots, making it very adaptable to dry sections. Has good keeping qualities. Berries very large and juicy, and flavor of the best. A good garden variety.

#### BELLMAR (Per.)

After fruiting this variety, we do not hesitate to pass along the report that it sure did please us and pleased everyone who were fortunate enough to see it in fruit. This new sort sure did produce some fine fruit. The only thing that prevented us from planting this variety heavy for fruiting was shortage of plants. This new variety was originated by the U. S. Dept. of Agriculture and has the same parentage as Blakemore. The fruit is large, dark red and of fine quality. Plants are thrifty and make rows just right for fruiting. Our supply of plants is limited.

#### COOPER (Per.)

Mid-season. None better for home use or roadside markets. The Cooper is surely a large berry and it is just as sweet as it is large. Probably the largest strawberry grown. It is productive, sweet, well flavored and attractive. It makes only a few strong, healthy plants rather than a thick bed of small plants.

#### GIBSON (Per.)

Mid-season. This variety is being grown throughout our state very extensively as a market berry, because it produces large crops and is noted for its firmness, making it a good shipper. We find it just a little later than Dunlap. The Gibson is a large, dark red berry of good quality and flavor. Unlike some other varieties, it holds its size throughout the entire season. The plants are large, long rooted and will withstand much dry weather.

#### HARVEST KING (Per.)

Mid-season. This variety is reported as doing well in many sections. However, it has not come up to our expectations. It starts to ripen with Dunlap, and continues fruiting a long time. The berries are much the same shape as Premier, but darker in color. Medium to large in size, and of excellent quality. It has never made a large enough plant row to suit us.

## DR. BURRILL (Per.)

Mid-season. Claimed to be an improved Dunlap. We find them very similar. It's a good variety, producing large crops of dark red berries of fine quality. The plants are medium in size, making a heavy plant row. Some claim it to be a little earlier than Dunlap.

#### PREMIER (Per.)

For many years the outstanding early variety. We have always put this variety in the list of TOP NOTCHERS, and will continue to do so for the present. This variety is known for its handsome, glossy, rich-red color, large size, symmetrical shape—its delicious quality and as an immense cropper. Ripens before Dunlap. If Dorsett and Fairfax continue as they have started, we surely will plant them for early fruit, in place of Premier. They are better plant makers.

#### PEARL (Per.)

Late. A wonderful new, extra-late variety. It can be depended upon to produce both quantity and quality. Because of its late blooming season, it is an ideal variety for frosty locations. It makes an ideal fruiting row. Berries are large, uniform, solid, and red clear through . . . . very attractive, with excellent flavor. This variety prolongs your season, and increases your profits. Late berries always bring fancy prices. Try them.

#### RED GOLD (Per.)

Early. Originated in the West and is now grown successfully everywhere. It is one of the largest berries grown. Sometimes called the "Sugar Saver." This new variety is said to be gaining in popularity very fast, due to its delicious flavor—being very sweet and recommended for preserving. Fruit large and shining red in color. Does not contain much acid. The outstanding merits of this variety are early ripening and its deep root system, enabling it to withstand severe droughts. Fruit stems are exceptionally large.

#### KING WEALTHY (Per.)

Very late. There are several good late varieties, but none better—few as good. The fruit is large, handsome, well-shaped and dark red. A wonderful shipper, because of its firmness. Plants large and long rooted. You will not be disappointed in this variety.

## SAMPLE (Imp.)

Medium late. An old, standard variety, still popular in many sections of the Middle and Northern States. The plants are vigorous growers and productive. Berries are very uniform in shape—medium, firm, good size and attractive in appearance. The blossoms are imperfect. Pollenize with any perfect variety of same fruiting season.

#### SENATOR DUNLAP (Per.)

Mid-season. For more than twenty-five years this variety has been a big money-maker for commercial strawberry growers. It does well in any type of soil and in almost all sections of the country. Makes plants freely and produces enormous crops of dark red, rich, beautiful fruit. Often called "King of the Canners."

#### WASHINGTON (Per.)

Medium late. This new variety may do well in the West, where it was introduced, but it failed to do much with us. We were much disappointed, because we had heard many good reports on this variety. We did not have the best of conditions at fruiting time, so will try it again this season.

#### FAIRFAX (Per.)

Another early variety, originated by the Dept. of Agriculture, and tested by us in fruiting last season. We have said for some time that Premier was the best early variety, and it has been—until we fruited Dorsett and Fairfax. The Fairfax does not make quite as many plants as Dorsett, but enough for a good plant row. This variety is a trifle darker at picking time than Dorsett plants—vigorous in growth, healthy, and apparently free from disease. Fruit of high quality—very firm, and will stand shipping. Makes more plants than Premier.

#### DORSETT (Per.)

After testing this new variety, originated by the U. S. Dept. of Agriculture, we find it a vigorous growing variety—under normal conditions producing a well matted row. It ripens about the same time as Premier, but produces a larger early crop. The fruit is usually conic shape—presenting a very uniform appearance. Color bright red, a little lighter than Premier, and does not become dark when over-ripe. Flavor mild, sub-acid; under normal conditions it is sweet and very pleasing. Some say best early variety known. Supply plants limited.

## MASTODON (Per.)

This variety stands supreme among the everbearers. The only one worthy of planting for profit. The fruit is larger than most all the other varieties. The berries are firm enough to ship or haul moderate distance to market. The berries are handsome in appearance, rich red color and bright green caps. Mastodon berries are very good in

quality, superior to any we know of. The plants are vigorous in growth, which is essential to produce big crops and big berries. In this respect this stands head and shoulders above all the other everbearing varieties. Don't forget, your Mastodon, if left to fruit, will produce a good crop in the spring. We have a fine patch which we fruited last fall and expect a good crop next June. The plants will always be high in price on account of not being extra good plant makers. For best results they should be planted in early spring.

#### RED RASPBERRIES

CHIEF. Best early, Red Raspberry. This is a new variety which has had sufficient testing in commercial fields to safely place it as one which is going to replace all other early varieties. It could rightly be called an Early Latham, because it resembles that variety in many ways. Equal in quality, it out yields the Latham. Ten days earlier. Fruit is good size, bright red, firm, and of excellent quality. The Plants are vigorous in growth, perfectly hardy, and seem to be resistant to mosaic.

ST. REGIS. Everbearing, Red Raspberry. Bears in 80 days from planting. It bears its berries on tips of new canes during Fall months, and the same canes bear the following Spring, like any other Red Raspberry. They ripen early, ahead of any other variety. Berries are rich, crimson red, firm, medium in size, and of good quality.

LATHAM. This grand, mid-season variety is winning favor wherever grown, its popularity having spread throughout the entire Middle and Eastern States. Every fruit grower in testing this wonderful variety reports favorably as to the large size and excellent quality of its fruit; its entire resistance to frost during the coldest winters, and the enormous quantities of fruit it will produce. It is large, handsome and delicious, from the beginning to the last picking.

CUTHBERT. An old and reliable variety. Does well anywhere. Not as large as Latham, but is noted for its wonderful quality. Fruits about same time as Latham.

#### BLACK RASPBERRIES

CUMBERLAND. King of the Black Caps. Sure money maker. No Black Raspberry is grown as extensively and none has made as much money for Fruit Growers as this wonderful variety. The plants are healthy, vigorous growers, throwing up stout, stocky, well branched canes. Fruit is large, rich black in color, firm and of highest quality. Ripens its fruit in mid-season and continues for three weeks. The Cumberland is less susceptible to disease than most varieties.

#### **BLACKBERRIES**

ELDORADO. We grow and sell only this one variety, because it is so much superior to all others. It is unusually hardy. Have never known it to winter kill, or fail to produce a good crop. The berries are large, jet black and of excellent quality. They form in large clusters and ripen well together.

Our Raspberry Fields Have Been Inspected Twice by the State Inspector
During the Past Summer and Pronounced Free
from Disease Both Times.

OUR PLANTS ARE FRESH DUG AT SHIPPING TIME.

Write us for prices on berry baskets.

# FREE PLANTS

We would like to get the names of the people in your section whom you think would be interested in small fruit. If you will send us their names, we will include in your order some free plants. This favor will be greatly appreciated.			
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## TO COMPUTE AMOUNT OF POSTAGE

First ascertain the group in which you are located and then refer to list below, which will tell you the amount of postage to send.

- Group 1: Central and Northern Michigan, Southeast Wisconsin, Northern Illinois, Central and Northern Indiana, Western Ohio.
- Group 2: Balance of Wisconsin, Illinois, Indiana and Ohio.
- Group 3: Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, Arkansas, Kentucky, Tennessee, North Carolina, Virginia, West Virginia, Pennsylvania, New York.
- Group 4: North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, Colorado, Kansas, Oklahoma.
- Group 5: Montana, Wyoming, Idaho, Utah, California.

Group 1: Add 10c for each 100 Strawberry Plants.

Group 2: Add 14c for each 100 Strawberry Plants.

Group 3: Add 21c for each 100 Strawberry Plants.

Group 4: Add 28c for each 100 Strawberry Plants.

Group 5: Add 35c for each 100 Strawberry Plants.

25 Raspberry or Blackberry Plants take the same postage as 100 Strawberry.

Raspherry of Blackberry Flants take the same postage as 100 Strawbe

Write for special prices on 3,000 or more plants.

## ORDER BLANK

# E. W. POTTER, Leslie, Michigan

Send to		B	OX	
Post Office	Office			
Ship by	Shipping S	Station		
County		State		
Date of this (	Order Ship abou	ıt		
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	Amount Carried Forward			

## PRICES FOR 1935

All Plants shipped by Express go Charges Collect. If wanted by Mail, add the Postage. (See Table on Page 9.)

STRAWBERRY PLANTS	25	100	250	1,000
Aroma	\$ .30	\$ .75	\$1.75	<b>\$6.5</b> 0
Blakemore	$\overset{\circ}{.25}$	.60	1.30	4.75
Beauty	.30	.75	1.75	6.50
Bellmar	.25	.60	1.30	4.75
Cooper	.30	.75	1.75	<b>6.5</b> 0
Dr. Burrill	.25	<b>.6</b> 0	1.30	4.75
Gibson	.25	.60	1.30	4.75
King Wealthy	.30	.75	1.75	6.50
Mastodon	.50	1.50	3.50	12.00
Premier	.30	.75	1.75	6.50
Pearl	.30	.75	1.75	6.50
Harvest King	.30	.75	1.75	6.50
Senator Dunlap	.25	.60	1.25	4.50
Red Gold	.30	.75	1.75	6.50
Washington	.30	.75	1.75	6.50
Dorsett	.35	.85	2.00	7.50
Fairfax	.35	.85	$\frac{2.00}{1.75}$	7.50
Sample	.30	.75	1.75	6.50
RED RASPBERRIES				′
Latham, 1 year, No. 1	.50	1.75	4.00	15.00
Cuthbert, 1 year, No. 1	.35	1.50	3.50	13.00
Chief, 1 year, No. 1	.60	2.00	4.50	17.50
St. Regis, 1 year, No. 1	.50	1.50	3.50	13.50
BLACK RASPBERRIES				
Cumberland, 1 year, No. 1	.40	1.75	4.00	14.50
BLACKBERRIES				
Eldorado, 1 year, No. 1	.50	1.60	3.75	14.50
Eldorado, 2 year, No. 1	.75	2.25		

50 Plants at 100 rate; 500 at 1,000 rate.

#### CASH DISCOUNT ON EARLY ORDERS

We will allow a 5 per cent Cash Discount from Catalog List Price on all orders amounting to \$5.00 or more, reaching us before March 15, 1935, and accompanied by Cash in Full. This applies only to cash orders of \$5.00 or over at prices listed in this Catalog and does not apply to C. O. D. shipments or special quotations by letter.

## CERTIFICATE OF NURSERY INSPECTION

THIS IS TO CERTIFY, That we have examined the nursery stock and premises of E. W. Potter, Leslie, Michgan, and find them apparently free from dangerous insects and dangerous contagious tree and plant disease.

This certificate to be void after September 26, 1935.

## STATE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Agricultural College, Michigan, September 26, 1934.

#### DORSETT and FAIRFAX

Are seedlings of Premier and Royal Sovereign. Premier, as you know, has been the most valuable of all early sorts. Royal Sovereign is an old, English variety, long known for its high dessert quality.

#### DORSETT and FAIRFAX

Better plant maker than Premier. Does well about everywhere. Order yours early. Supply limited.

#### **DORSETT and FAIRFAX**

A grower who has seen both of these varieties in fruit from the start says—"Considerably larger than Premier."

#### JUST A WORD

about prices. The supply of Nursery Stock is very scarce. Due to the extreme drouth last season, we have only about one-third of a plant crop, so prices must be higher. We expect to be sold out before the season is half over. To be sure of plants order early. Save the discount.

#### IRISH COBBLER SEED POTATOES

Grown from Certified Seed—Clean and Smooth.

If wanted in 10 Bushel Lots, write for price.